up of the D.D.T. spraying in the Visvesvaraya Canal Area using mobile transport in one Secondary-Centre, and ordinary transport in the rest of the area at a cost of Rs. 5,69,320 was sanctioned in August 1950.

654. Dr. J. C. Carter and Dr. R. B. Watson of the Rockefeller Foundation visited Thirthahalli and Agumbe Secondary Centres in March 1950.

(ii) Progress of Sanitation.

655. A comprehensive study of the residual effects of various strengths of D.D.T. and gammexane as adulticides was made at Hiriyur. Systematic bi-annual spleen surveys of most of the villages in the Health Unit areas were conducted during the year. With the Rockefeller Foundation shifting the headquarters of their Regional Office from Shanghai to Bangalore and the availability of the services of a number of their experts, the starting of the Malaria Investigation Centre at Saklespur was sanctioned. Preliminary entomological and malario metric surveys in areas not included in the D.D.T. spraying programme were started. Bureau of Malariology.

656. Measures against the control of epidemic diseases were undertaken in all the infected places. The chief work of the Bureau was in concerting measures to combat the epidemic of plague in the State. Bureau of Epidemiology.

657. Control of Guineaworm infection in the villages by biological measures was continued. One hundred and twenty-three step wells were examined for the presence of cyclopes, restocked 34 wells with fish and chlorinated wells. Guineaworm control.

658. The Bureau arranged the Health Section of the Mysore Dasara Exhibition as usual. The Bureau conducted a Health Inspectors' Training Class during the year. A batch of 50 students were selected and the theory part of the class was commenced in July 1950 and continued till the end of the official year. The Health propaganda unit toured for 105 days and covered nearly 3,380 miles with the fully equipped motor van. The unit screened 79 film-shows to an audience of about 58,000. Bureau of Health Education.

659. The three Municipal Maternity Homes in Bangalore City (1) Manavarthpet Maternity Home, (2) Seth Chellaram Maternity Home and (3), Sm. Unnamalai Ammal Maternity and Child Welfare work

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Maternity Home at Palace Guttahalli continued to work during the year. Sri Pobbathi Krishniah Setty Maternity Home in Visvesvarapuram and *Dharmaprakasa* Sri N. Dasappa Thirumalamma Maternity Home in Town Hall area were graciously opened by His Highness the Maharaja during the year. The Maternity and Child Welfare Centre in the III Division continued to work. The six Maternity and Child Welfare Centres in the Civil Station also continued to function.

660. The two milk centres, one at Tank Bund Road and another in Belimut Road, III Division, Bangalore City continued to work. Only poor children and expectant mothers are given one-fourth seer of milk daily in these centres.

661. The Market Show in the Bangalore City Market and the Swimming competitions in the Bangalore Municipal Swimming Pool which were not being held for some years past were revived during the year.

662. Five thousand-one hundred and forty (5,049) dogs were destroyed during the year.

663. Health Inspectors, Assistant Health Officers and Health Officers regularly inspected the hotels, coffee clubs, bakeries etc., Bye-laws were strictly enforced in granting licenses and wherever the proprietors failed to effect the improvements, their licenses were cancelled.

(iii) Vaccination.

664. As a preventive measure, 688,577 vaccinations were performed, of which 190,024 were primary and 498,553 re-vaccinations. The number of deaths from small-pox was 2,831.

(iv) Vaccine Institute.

665. At the Government Vaccine Institute, a total quantity of vaccine lymph enough for 1,422,770 cases was issued during the year. The demand for vaccine lymph continued to be heavy during the year and consequently both the production and issue of lymph were on the increase.